

PERMIT

APPROVAL DATE: 4/19/06

47155 A 94354559

ON-SITE SEWAGE DISPOSAL SYSTEM HOWARD COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT BUREAU OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH

	BANKE S	IS PE	ERMITTED TO INSTALL 🛛 ALTER 🗌	
ADDRESS:			PHONE NUMBER:	
SUBDIVISION: Cattail Creek County Club			LOT NUMBER: 6	
ADDRESS: 3608 Willow Birch Drive			Ralph Updike	
SEPTIC TANK CAPACITY (GALLONS):		1500	OUTLET BAFFLE FILTER REQUIRED	
PUMP CHAMBER CAPACITY (GALLONS):		_n/a	_ COMPARTMENTED TANK REQUIRED ⊠	
NUMBER OF BEDROOMS:		_5		
SQUARE FEET PER BEDROOM:		210		
LINEAR FEET OF TRENCH REQUIRED:		217	HOUSE SERVED BY PUBLIC WATER	
TRENCHES:	Trench to be 3.0 feet wide. Inlet 4.0 feet below original grade. Bottom maximum depth 6.0 feet below original grade. Effective area begins at 4.0 feet below original grade. 2.0 feet of stone below distribution pipe.			
LOCATION:	Place the distribution box as shown on the approved building permit plan.			
NOTES:	Run trenches along contour in both directions. SEE IF BASE MENT SERVICE I'S AVAILBY lowering SEPTIC TANK ANOTHER FOOT WID Place more than 3' of cover on top. Verily fall			
PLANS APPROVED:	more TNG CW/KJB Reviewed	by:	of cover on top. Verily tall DATE: 6/17/05	

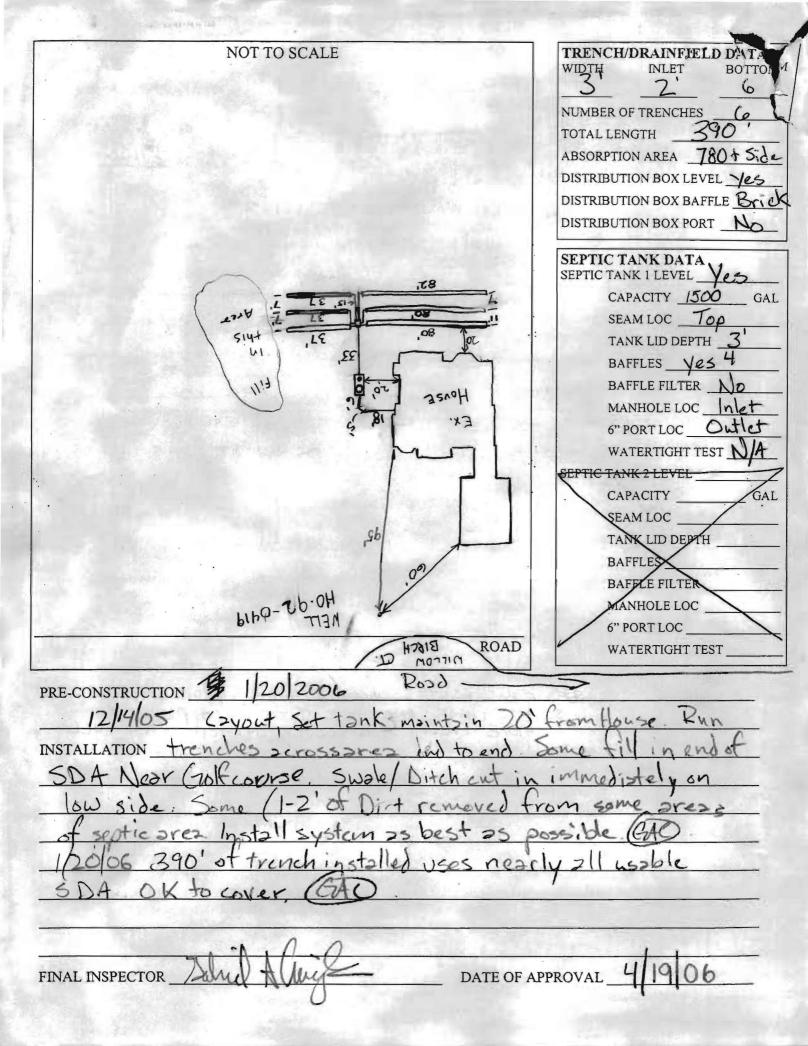
NOTES: PERMIT VOID AFTER 2 YEARS

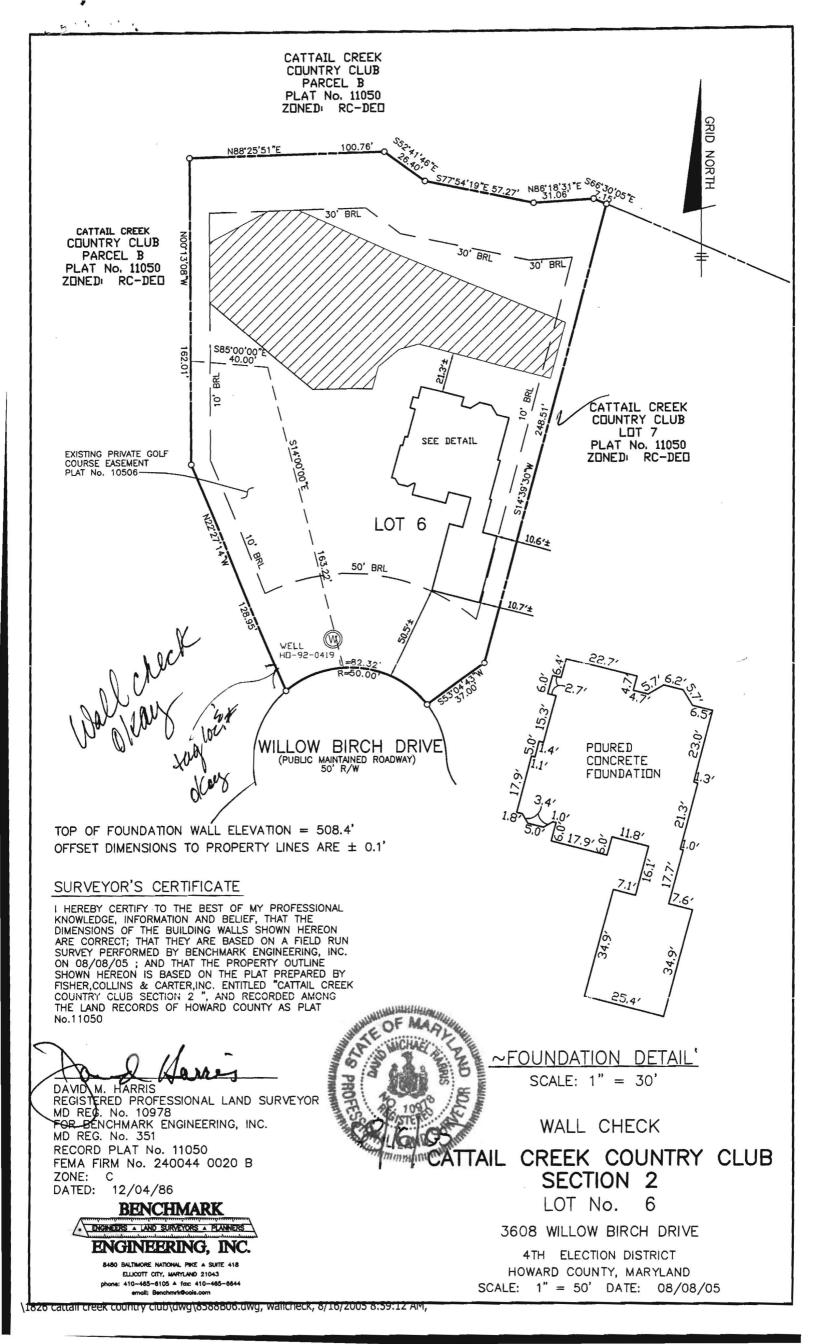
CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR SCHEDULING A PRE-CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION FOR ALL INSTALLATIONS WATERTIGHT SEPTIC TANKS REQUIRED

WAIENTIGHT SEPTIC TANKS REQUIRED
ALL PARTS OF SEPTIC SYSTEM SHALL BE 100 FEET FROM ANY WATER WELL UNLESS SPECIFICALLY AUTHORIZED
MANHOLE RISERS REQUIRED ON ALL SEPTIC TANKS AND PUMP CHAMBERS UNLESS SPECIFICALLY AUTHORIZED

CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBLE FOR COMPLIANCE WITH APPLICABLE REGULATIONS, GUIDELINES AND THE TERMS OF THIS PERMIT

NEITHER THE HOWARD COUNTY COUNCIL NOR THE HEALTH DEPARTMENT IS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE SUCCESSFUL OPERATION OF ANY SYSTEM PERMITTEE RESPONSIBLE FOR OBTAINING FINAL APPROVAL ON THIS PERMIT ALL 410-313-1771 FOR INSPECTION OF SEPTIC SYSTEM





21.0 STANDARD AND SPECIFICATIONS

Placement of topsoil over a prepared subsoil prior to establishment of permanent vegetation.

To provide a suitable medium for vegetative growth. Soils of concern have low moisture content, low nutrient levels, low pH, materials toxic to plants, and/or unacceptable soil

Conditions Where Practice Applies

- I. This practice is limited to areas having 2:1 or flatter slopes where:
- a. The texture of the exposed subsoil/parent material is not adequate to produce vegetative growth.
- b. The soil material is so shallow that the rooting zone is not deep enough to support plants or furnish continuing supplies of moisture and plant nutrients.
- c. The original soil to be vegetated contains material toxic to plant growth.
- d. The soil is so acidic that treatment with limestone is not feasible. II. For the purpose of these Standards and Specifications, areas having slopes steeper than 2:1 require special consideration and design for adequate stabilization. Areas having slopes steeper than 2:1 shall have the appropriate stabilization shown on the plans.

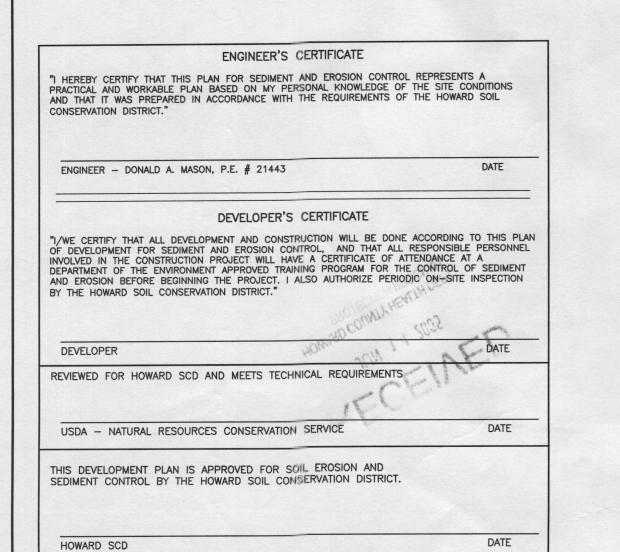
Construction and Material Specifications

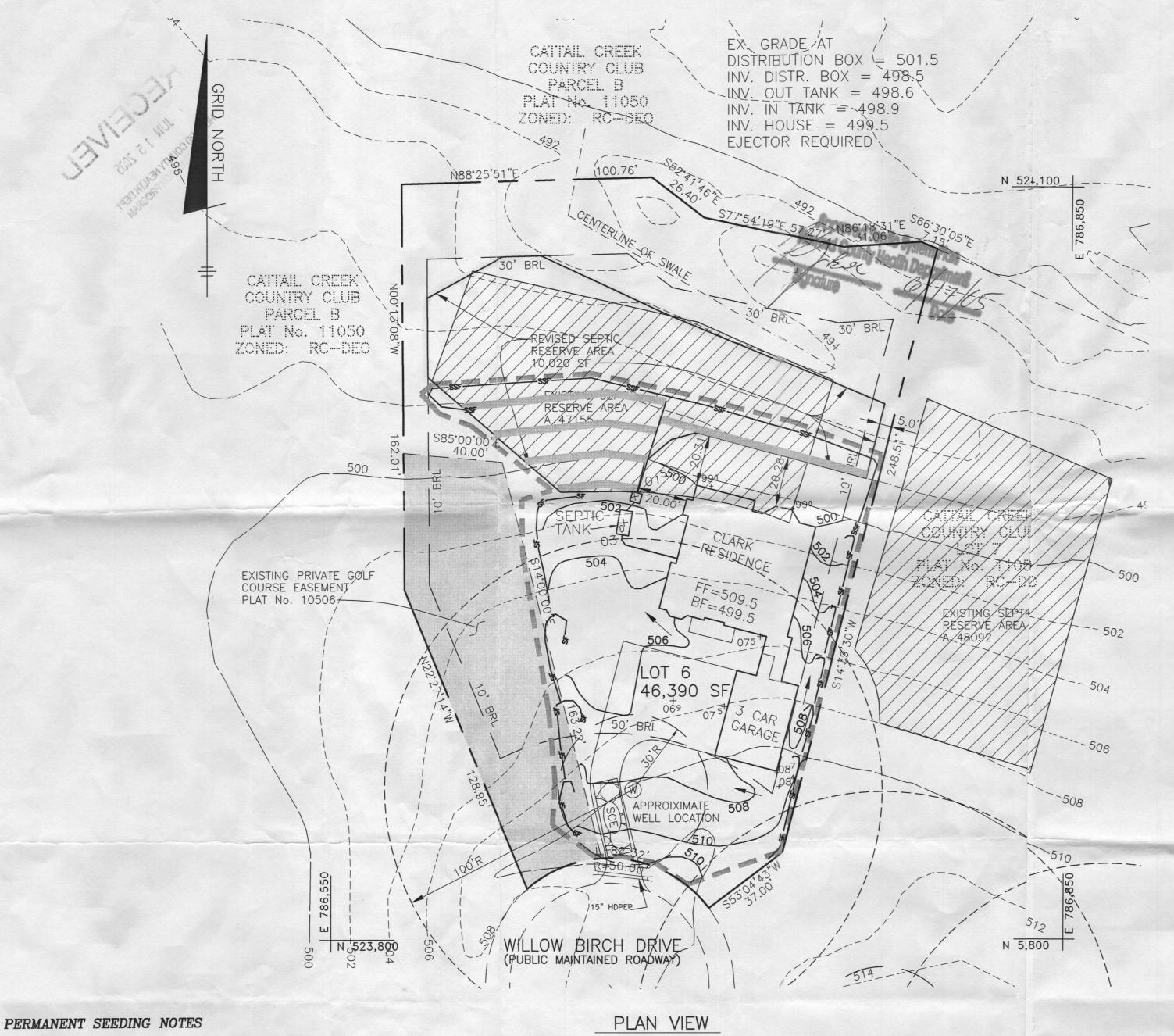
- I. Topsoil salvaged from the existing site may be used provided that it meets the standards as set forth in these specifications. Typically, the depth of topsoil to be salvaged for a given soil type can be found in the representative soil profile section in the Soil Survey published by USDA-SCS in cooperation with Maryland Agricultural Experimental Station.
- II. Topsoil Specifications Soil to be used as topsoil must meet the following:
- i. Topsoil shall be a loam, sandy loam, clay loam, silt loam, sandy clay loam, loamy sand. Other soils may be used if recommended by an agronomist or soil scientist and approved by the appropriate approval authority. Regardless, topsoil shall not be a mixture of contrasting textured subsoils and shall contain less than 5% by volume of cinders, stones, slag, coarse fragments, gravel, sticks, roots, trash, or other materials larger than 1 1/2"
- ii. Topsoil must be free of plants or plant parts such as Bermuda grass, quack grass, Johnson grass, nutsedge, poison ivy, thistle, or others as specified.
- iii.Where the subsoil is either highly acidic or composed of heavy clays, ground limestone shall be spread at the rate of 4-8 tons/acre (200-400 pounds per 1,000 square feet) prior to the placement of topsoil. Lime shall be distributed uniformly over designated areas and worked into the soil in conjunction with tillage operations as described in the following procedures.

II. For sites having disturbed areas under 5 acres:

- i. Place topsoil (if required) and apply soil amendments as specified in 20.0 Vegetative Stabilization - Section I - Vegetative Stabilization Methods and Materials.
- III. For sites having disturbed areas over 5 acres:
- i. On soil meeting topsoil specifications, obtain test results dictating fertilizer and lime amendments required to bring the soil into compliance with the following:
- a. pH for topsoil shall be between 6.0 and 7.5. If the tested soil demonstrates a pH of less than 6.0, sufficient lime shall be prescribed to raise the pH to 6.5 or higher.
- b. Organic content of topsoil shall be not less than 1.5 percent by weight.
- c. Topsoil having soluble salt content greater than 500 parts per million shall not be used.
- d. No sod or seed shall be placed on soil which has been treated with soil sterilants or chemicals used for weed control until sufficient time has elapsed (14 days min.) to permit dissipation of phyto-toxic materials.
- Note: Topsoil substitutes or amendments, as recommended by a qualified agronomist or soil scientist and approved by the appropriate approval authority, may be used in lieu of natural topsoil.
- ii. Place topsoil (if required) and apply soil amendments as specified in 20.0 Vegetative Stabilization - Section I - Vegetative Stabilization Methods and Materials.
- i. When topsoiling, maintain needed erosion and sediment control practices such as diversion, Grade Stabilization Structures, Earth Dikes, Slope Silt Fence and Sediment Traps and Basins.
- ii. Grades on the areas to be topsoiled, which have been previously established, shall be maintained, albeit 4" - 8" higher in elevation.
- iii. Topsoil shall be uniformly distributed in a 4" 8" layer and lightly compacted to a minimum thickness of 4". Spreading shall be performed in such a manner that sodding or seeding can proceed with a minimum of additional preparation and tillage. Any irregularities in the surface esulting from topsoiling or other operations shall be corrected in order to prevent the formation of depressions or water pockets.
- iv. Topsoil shall not be placed while the topsoil or subsoil is in a frozen or muddy condition, when the subsoil is excessively wet or in a condition that may otherwise be detrimental to proper grading and seedbed preparation. G-21-2
- VI. Alternative for Permanent Seeding Instead of applying the full amounts of lime and commercial fertilizer, composted sludge and amendments may be applied as specified below:
- i. Composted Sludge Material fer use as a soil conditioner for sites having disturbed areas over 5 acres shall be tested to prescribed amendments and for sites having disturbed areas under 5 acres shall conform to the following requirements:
- a. Composted sludge shall be supplied by, or originate from, a person or persons that are permitted (at the time of acquisition of the compost) by the Maryland Department of the Environment under COMAR 26.04.06.
- b. Composted sludge shall contain at least 1 percent nitrogen, 1.5 percent phosphorus, and 0.2 percent potassium and have a pH of 7.0 to 8.0. If compost does not meet these requirements, the appropriate constituents must be added to meet the requirements prior to use.
- c. Composted sludge shall be applied at a rate of 1 ton/1,000 square feet. iv. Composted sludge shall be amended with a potassium fertilizer applied at the rate of 4 lb/1,010
- square feet, and 1/3 the normal lime application rate.

References: Guideline Specifications, Soil Preparation and Sodding. MD—VA, Pub. #1, Cooperative Extension Service, University of Maryland and Virginia Polytechnic Institutes. Revised 1973.





Apply to graded or cleared area not subject to immediate further disturbance where a permanent long-lived vegetative cover is needed.

Seedbed Preparation: Loosen upper three inches of soil be raking, discing or other acceptable means before seeding. (If not previously loosened)

Soil Amendments: In lieu of soil test recommendations, use on the following schedules.

1) Preferred - Apply 2 tons per acre dolomitic limestone (92 lbs/1000 sf) and 600 lbs per acre 10-10-10 fertilizer (14 lbs/1000 sf) before seeding. Harrow or disc into upper three inches of soil. At time of seeding,

apply 400 lbs per acre 30-0-0 ureaform fertilizer (9 lbs/1000 sf).

2) Acceptable — Apply 2 tons per acre dolomitic limestone (92 lbs/1000 sf) and 1000 lbs per acre 10-10-10 fertilizer (23 lbs/1000 sf) before seeding. Harrow or disc into upper three inches of soil.

Seeding: For the periods March 1 through April 30 and August 1 through October 15, seed with 60 lbs per acre (1.4 lbs/1000 sf) of Kentucky 31 Tall Fescue. For the period May 1 through July 31, seed with 60 lbs Kentucky 31 Tall Fescue per acre and 2 lbs per acre (0.05 lbs/1000 sf) of Weeping Lovegrass. During the period of October 16 through February 28, protect site by: Option 1) 2 tons per acre of well anchored straw mulch and seed as soon as possible in the spring. Option 2) use sod. Option 3) seed with 60 lbs/acre Kentucky 31 Tall

Mulching: Apply 1-1/12 to 2 tons per acre (70 to 90 lbs/1000 sf) of unrotted small grain straw immediately after seeding. Anchor mulch immediately after application using mulch anchoring tool or 218 gallons per acre (5 gal/1000 sf) of emulsified asphalt on flat areas. On slopes 8 feet or higher, use 348 gallons per acre (8 gal/1000 sf) for anchoring,

Fescue and mulch with 2 tons/acre well anchored straw.

Maintenance: Inspect all seeded areas and make needed repairs, replacements and reseedings.

TEMPORARY SEEDING NOTES

as soon as possible in the spring, or use sod.

Apply to graded or cleared areas likely to be redisturbed where a short-term vegetative cover is needed.

Seedbed Preparation: Loosen upper three inches of soil by raking, discing or other acceptable means before seeding. (If not previously loosened)

Soil Amendments: Apply 600 lbs per acre 10-10-10 fertilizer (14 lbs/1000 sf).

Seeding: For periods March 1 through April 30 and from August 15 through November 15, seed with 2-1/2 bushel per acre of annual rye (3.2 lbs/1000 sf). For the period May 1 through August 14, seed with 3 lbs per acre of Weeping Lovegrass (0.07 lbs/1000 sf). For the period November 16 through February 28, protect site by applying 2 tons per acre of well anchored straw mulch and seed

Mulching: Apply 1-1/2 to 2 tons per acre (70 to 90 lbs/1000 sf) of unrotted small grain straw immediately after seeding. Anchor mulch immediately after application using mulch anchoring tool or 218 gallons per acre (5 gal/1000 sf) of emulsified asphalt on flat areas. On slopes 8 feet or higher, use 348 gallons per acre (8 gal/1000 sf) for anchoring.

Refer to the 1994 Maryland Standards and Specifications for Soil Erosion and Sediment Control for rate and methods not covered.

SCALE: 1" = 30'

SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

- A minimum of 48 hours notice must be given to the Howard County Department of Inspections and Permits, Sediment Control Division prior to the start of any construction (313-1855). 2. All vegetative and structural practices are to be installed accordingly to the provisions of this plan and are to be in conformance with the most current "Maryland Standards and Specifications for Soil Erosion and Sediment Control", and revisions thereto.
- 3. Following initial soil disturbances or redisturbance, permanent or temporary stabilization shall be completed within: a) 7 calendar days for all perimeter sediment control structures, dikes, perimeter slopes and all slopes greater than 3:1, b) 14 calendar days as to all other disturbed or graded areas on the project site.
- 4. All sediment traps/basins shown must be fenced and warning signs posted around their perimeter in accordance with Vol. 1, Chapter 12, of the "Howard County Design Manual, Storm Drainage".
- 5. All disturbed areas must be stabilized within the time period specified above in accordance with the "1994 Maryland Standards and Specifications for Soil Erosion and Sediment Control" for Permanent Seedings (Sec. 51) Sod (Sec. 54), Temporary Seeding (Sec. 50) and Mulching (Sec. 52). Temporary stabilization with mulch alone can only be done when recommended seeding dates do not allow for proper germination and
- establishment of grasses. 6. All sediment control structures are to remain in place and are to be maintained in operative condition until permission for their removal has been obtained from the Howard County Sediment Control Inspector.
- 7. Site Analysis: Total Area of Site: 1.06 Ac.± 0.52 Ac.± Area to be Disturbed: 0.14 Ac.± Area to be roofed or paved: 0.38 Ac. ± Area to be vegetatively stabilized: 830 C.Y. SEE NOTE 12 Total Cut: 50 C.Y. SEE NOTE 12 Total Fill.
- Offsite Waste/Borrow Area Location : * 8. Any sediment control practice which is disturbed by grading activity for placement of utilities must be repaired on the same day of disturbance. Additional sediment controls must be provided, if deemed necessary by the Howard County DPW Sediment Control Inspector.
- 10. On all sites with disturbed areas in excess of 2 acres, approval of the inspection agency shall be requested upon completion of installation of perimeter erosion and sediment controls, but before proceeding with any other earth disturbance or grading. Other building or grading inspection approvals may not be authorized until this initial approval by the inspection agency is made.
- 11. Trenches for the construction of utilities is limited to three pipe lengths or that which can be back filled and stabilized within one working day, whichever is shorter
- 12. Quantities and estimates shown are for sediment control purposes only. Contractor shall prepare his/her own quantity estimates to his/her satisfaction. * It is the responsibility of the contractor to identify the spoil/borrow site and notify and gain approval from the sediment control inspector of the site and it's grading permit number at the time of construction.

1. THE LOT SHO HEREON COMPLIES WITH THE MINIMUM OWNERSHIP WIDTH AND LOT AREA AS REQUIRED BYE MARYLAND STATE DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT.

2. THAREA DESIGNATES A PRIVATE SEWERAGE EASEMENT OF 10,000 SQUARE FEET S REQUIRED BYE STATE DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT FOR INDIVIDUAL SEWERAGE DISPOSAL. IMPRMENTS OF AND NATURE IN THIS AREA ARE RESTRICTED UNTIL PUBLIC SEWER S AVAILABLE. TE EASEMENTS SHALL BECOME NULL AND VOID UPON CONNECTION TO A PUBLIC SEWERAGE SYSTE THE COUNTY HEALTH OFFICER SHALL HAVE THE AUTHORITY TO GRANT ADJUSTMENTS FONCROACHMENT INTO THE PRIVATE SEWERAGE EASEMENT. RECORDATION OF A MODIFIED SEWERA EASEMENT PLAT SHALL NOT BE NECESSARY.

3. UNLESS OTHISE SHOWN, NO WELLS OR SEWERAGE EASEMENTS ARE LOCATED WITHIN 100

4. TOPOGRAPHYIOWN HEREON IS FROM THE SIGNED PERCOLATION CERTIFICATION PLAN PREPARED BY FISHER , COLLINNO CARTER, INC. DATED MARCH 10, 1993. FIELD RUN TOPOPHY WAS PREPARED BY BENCHMARK ENGINEERING, INC., DATED JULY, 2003.

. EXACT LENGTH SEPTIC TRENCHES ARE BE DETERMINED BY THE HEALTH DEPARTMENT AT THE TIME OF PERMIT UANCE. SPOIL FROME TRENCHING OF THE SEPTIC AREA IS TO BE PLACED ON THE UPHILL SIDE OF THE EXCAVATION.

7. SELECTIVE CRING OF TREES MAY TAKE PLACE IN THE SEPTIC RESERVE AREA AND AROUND THE SEI PIPE AND TANK. 8. THE BOUNDAINFORMATION, SEPTIC LOCATION AND WELL LOCATION ARE BASED ON INFORMATION OBTAINED FROM T NUMBER 11050, CATTAIL CREEK COUNTRY CLUB.

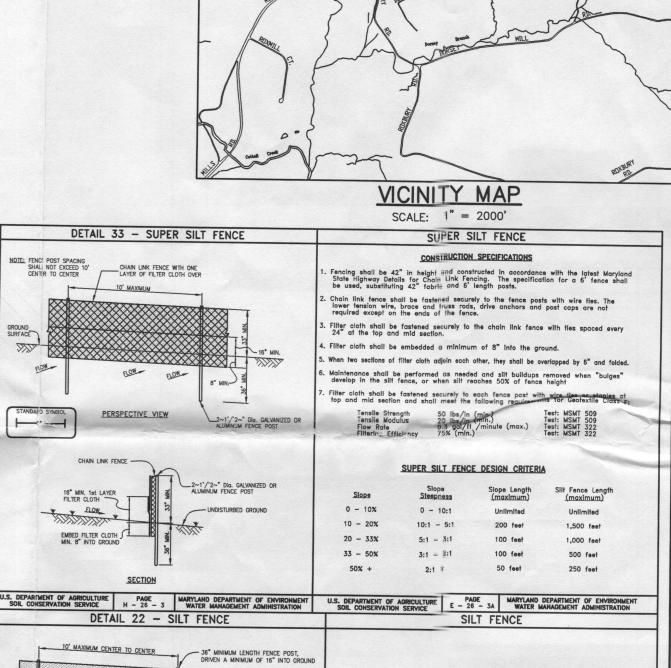
10. THE EXISTIWELL SHOWN ON THIS PLAN, HO-94-3687, HAS BEEN FIELD LOCATED BY BENCHMARK INEERING, INC. AND IS ACCURATELY SHOWN.

. SEPTIC TANKR THIS LOT TO BE 1,250 GALLONS.

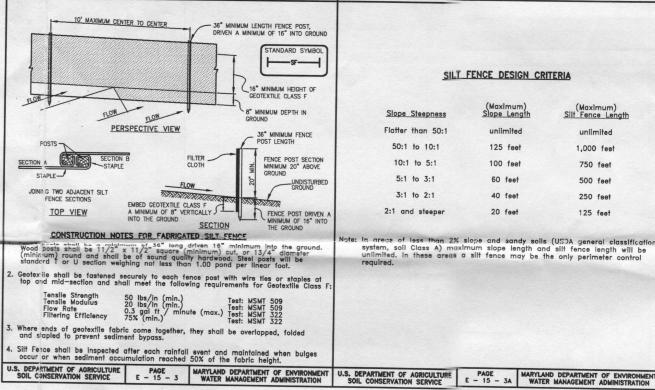
NOTES.

SEQUEN OF CONSTRUCTION - INDIVIDUAL HOUSE 3TAIN GRADING PERMIT.

- DAY 2 | E CONTRACTOR(S) IS TO IDENTIFY AND MARK ANY HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS THAT AY EXIST ONSITE, SUCH AS OVERHEAD POWERLINES, OLD WELLS, GAS LINES, ETC.
- DAY 3-4 STALL STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE, SILT FENCE, SUPER SILT FENCE, ND DRIVEWAY CULVERT.
- DAY 4-10 RADE SITE AND STABILIZE IN ACCORDANCE WITH PERMANENT SEEDBED NOTES. DAY 11 STALL EROSION CONTROL MATTING IN THE DITCHES AND SWALES.
- DAY 12-60NSTRUCT HOUSE, INSTALL DRIVEWAY AND UTILITIES. SPOIL FROM THE TRENCHING OF THE SEPTIC AREA IS TO BE PLACED ON THE UPHILL SIDE OF THE EXCAVATION. DAY 61-63ABILIZE ANY REMAINING DISTURBED AREAS IN ACCORDANCE WITH PERMANENT SEEDBED
- DAY 64-650N APPROVAL OF HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR, EMOVE ALL SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES. PERMANENTLY STABILIZE REQUESTED.



STA. 3232003



-RIGHT OF WAY LINE 15" HDPEP (MIN APRON (SEE GRADED SHOULDER ---MANUFACTURE'S MIN. R. (TYP.) ---SHOULDER - EDGE OF PAVEMENT - CENTERLINE PUBLIC ROAD PAVING

BENCH MARKS NAD'27

E 789,655,659'

E 788,449.553'

HO. CO. STA. 3232003

HO. CO. STA. 3132002

N 522,810.762'

N 522,316.687'

LEGEND

EXISTING TREELINE

PROPOSED TREELINE

HE MAN WHEN SHEEL SHEEL

STANDARD SYMBOL

PLAN VIEW

CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

1. Stone size — Use 2" stone, or reclaimed or recycled concrete equivalent.
2. Length — As required, but not less than 50 feet (except on a single residence lot where a 30 foot minimum would apply).
3. Thickness — Not less than six (6) inches.
4. Width — Ten (10) foot minimum, but not less than the full width at points where incress or excess occurs.

Width - Ten (10) foot minimum, but not less than the full width at points where ingress or egress occurs.
 Filter Cloth - Will be placed over the entire area prior to placing of stone. Filter will not be required on a single family residence lot.
 Surface Water - All surface water flowing or diverted toward construction entrances shall be piped across the entrance. If piping is impractical, a mountable berm with 5:1 slopes will be permitted.
 Maintenance - The entrance shall be maintained in a condition which will prevent tracking or flowing of sediment onto public right-of-way. This may require periodic top dressing with additional stone as conditions demand and repair and/or cleanout of any measures used to trap sediment. All sediment spilled, dropped, washed or tracked onto public rights-of-way must be removed immediately.
 Washing - Wheels shall be cleaned to remove sediment prior to entrance onto public rights-of-way. When washing is required, it shall be done on an area stabilized with stone and which drains into an approved sediment trapping device.
 Periodic inspection and needed maintenance shall be provided after each rain.

STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE

NOT TO SCALE

EXISTING GROUND

PROPOSED SEPTIC FIELD

PROPOSED WELL LOCATION

STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE

SUPER SILT FENCE

DRIVEWAY MUST BE PAVED FROM EDGE OF PUBLIC ROAD TO RIGHT OF WAY LINE USING STANDARD DITCH FLOW LINE PAVING SECTION P-1 AS SHOWN ON ST'D NO. R-2.01 OR ALTERNATIVE SECTION EQUAL TO OR BETTER THAN P-1, AS APPROVED BY D.P.W. DRAINAGE CULVERT SHALL BE SIZED FOR A 10 YEAR FREQUENCY STORM. ALL DRIVEWAY CULVERT PIPES TO BE 15" HDPEP OR GREATER TO PREVENT BLOCKING. HDPE APRONS O BE INSTALLED AT EACH END OF THE DRIVEWAY CULVERT AND SIZED PER MANUFACTURE'S SPECIFICATIONS. IF A LARGER PIPE IS REQUIRED, DITCH INVERT CAN BE LOWERED TO PROVIDE MIN.
DITCH GRADIENT OF 0.5% AND CLEARANCE SHOWN. 4. SWALE FLOW MAY BE PROVIDED OVER DRIVEWAY IF LOCATED AT OR NEAR THE CREST OF A VERTICAL CURVE ON THE PUBLIC ROAD WHERE QUANTITY OF FLOW IS SMALL, AS APPROVED BY D.P.W. TIE IN GRADE OF PRIVATE DRIVEWAY SHALL NOT EXCEED 14%. . SEE HOWARD COUNTY STANDARD DETAIL R-6.06 FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION. DRIVEWAY CULVERT

NO. DATE REVISION

> BENCHMARK ● ENGNEERS ▲ LAND SURVEYORS ▲ PLANNERS ENGINEERING, INC.

8480 BALTIMORE NATIONAL PIKE ▲ SUITE 418 ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21043

PHONE: 410-465-6105 A FAX: 410-465-6644

www.bei-civilengineering.com

BUILDER: JAMES H. SELFRIDGE BUILDERS 14045 GARED DRIVE GLENWOOD, MARYLAND 21738 410-531-8930

DRAFT:

JMC

PROJECT: CATTAIL CREEK COUNTRY CLUB LOT 6

WILLOW BIRCH DRIVE OCATION: GLENWOOD, MD 21738 No. 21, GRID No. 8, PARCEL No. 211 4th ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND TITLE: GRADING PERMIT, SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN HOUSE TYPE: CLARK RESIDENCE

DATE: -PROJECT NO. 1826 SCALE: 1" = 30' DRAWING $\frac{1}{}$ OF $\frac{1}{}$

P:\1826 cattail creek country club\dwg\8000.dwg, GRADING PLAN, 6/14/2005 5:14:36 PM,